

SPRING IS AT HAND

J. R. RACE & CO.

Having received a large and well selected stock of

Boys', Youth's and Children's Suits,

At an UNPRECEDENTEDLY LOW PRICE, are prepared to give extra bargains. We have manufactured a Large Line of MEN'S SUITS, and we sell them at prices that DEFY COMPETITION.

OUR HAT DEPARTMENT IS COMPLETE!

Having just received the Latest Nobby Styles.

Our Neckwear and Gents' Furnishing Goods Department

Embaces all the Latest Novelties. Also

White and Fancy Shirts

IN ENDESS VARIETY.

Our Merchant Tailoring Department!

Continues to be an important factor in our business. We have received a large line of the Latest Styles Suitings, and are prepared to give you a PERFECT FITTING GARMENT at a living price. We are now making

BUSINESS SUITS AT THE LOW PRICE OF \$25.00
CASSIMERE PANTS FOR 5.00

And last, but not least, we would call the attention of engineers, firemen, brakemen, etc., to our NOBBY OVERSUITS, at the low price of \$1.75.

Examine our stock and prices, and be convinced that we mean what we say.

March 21—d&wt

J. R. RACE & CO.

E. S. AUNGST & CO.



UNDERTAKERS

And Dealers in all kinds of

COFFINS,

Metallic Burial Cases and Caskets.

Southwest Corner Old Square

DECATUR, ILL.

Residence, No. 18 West William Street.

June 4—d&wt

H. MUELLER & CO.,

—DECATUR, ILL.—



Gas Fixtures!

IRON, LEAD AND BRASS PIPES AND FITTINGS, BRASS VALVES AND COCKS.

PUMPS

RUBBER HOSE, BELTING AND PACKING, ALL KINDS OF MACHINE SUPPLIES, ENGINES, AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, AND ALL KINDS OF MACHINERY REPAIRED. ALSO BLACKSMITHING, PLUMBING, STEAM AND GAS FITTING. ALL WORK WARRANTED.

Cor. E. Main and State Streets,

Decatur, Illinois.

Oct. 18, 1878—dly

FREEMAN BROS.

Will open a complete stock of

BOOTS

AND

SHOES!

MAY 1st, 1879,

In the building lately occupied by

M. GOLDBURG

No. 8

MERCHANT

STREET.

April 24—dly

LICKSHINGLE'S STORY OF SHY-LOCK.

Cincinnati Requirer.

Grandfather Lickshingle sometimes calls the little children around his knee, and says that, since they insist upon it, he will tell them a story, when, at the same time, the children have not been saying a word about a story. This was the case yesterday evening, when he beckoned them from their books and said:

"Well, since you won't give me any peace, I'll improve your young minds with the story of one of Shakespeare's characters. I will take *Shylock*," continued the old gentleman, "which I regard as one of the most interesting of all the great master's creations. *Shylock* was a bald-headed man, who kept a clothing-store in Venice, or Vincennes—anyhow, it was some place in Indiana. He kept a family of seventeen children on 10 cents a day, and laid up many ducats. Whenever a friend came along who was in a tight place for spool-ducats, *Shylock* was always happy to lend him money and help him out, charging him 50 or 60 per cent interest, and taking a mortgage on his friend's property as security. One day Antonio came along, tired and footsore, where *Shylock* was sitting in front of his store, and said:

"Lend me 15 cents till Saturday night."

"Give me a mortgage on your house and lot, and you can have it."

"Alas! my friend," replied Antonio, "I sold my house and lot before I went to Leadville."

"Haven't you got a mule?" asked *Shylock*.

"Alas! no mule."

"But surely you've got a dog?"

"I had a good dog once; but oh! woe is me! he starved to death when I was striving to build up a morrin' newspaper to fill a long-felt want."

"*Shylock* scratched his old bald head for a moment, and then said:

"Well, my friend, I'm sorry for you, and I'll tell you what I'll do; Business is business, and so I'll let you have the 15 cents till Saturday night, and take a mortgage on your liver."

"Antonio wanted the rhino very badly, not having had anything to drink since he left Omaha, and so he took the money and gave *Shylock* the mortgage as aforesaid. Antonio did not show up on Saturday night, not having the ready-John-Davis in his pocket to fix things, and *Shylock* swore by the bird with the broad and sweepin' wing that he would foreclose the mortgage. Antonio was in a great stew, and told his story to *Portia*, a female justice of the peace, who, with all the native cunning of her sex, succeeded in gettin' Antonio out of *Shylock's* clutches on the ground that, while *Shylock* could, according to the contract, take Antonio's liver, he had no right to shed one drop of blood, and, if he did so, all his large stock of clothing and gents' furnishing goods was confiscated."

"I think I can recall a line or two of the famous dialogue on this particular point," said Grandfather, as he tapped his forehead with his hickory stick. "Let me see; it begins with *Portia's* speech, thus:

"We give thee leave to cut the flesh; So canst thou sharp thy pruning-hook And slash away. O sweetly-scented shrub! But hold! Shed thou no blood. Nor take no more than just his liver. If by any mischance thou takest his heart, His liver, his gall, his brain, Or any little odds or ends that thou mayst run against while in his disphragm, Thy goods are confiscate unto the State. And thou shalt be kicked all o'ertown to boot."

"*Shylock*—is that the law?"

"*Portia*—Thyself shalt see the act."

"*Shylock*—Why, then, the devil give him good of it! He's not nothin' but a white liver, anyhow!"

"And this, my little dears," said Grandfather, "is the beautiful story of *Shylock*—there bein' just this to add: Although the matter seemed to sit lightly upon him, the loss of 15 cents so preyed upon *Shylock* that he died soon after with a broken heart. 'In the midst of life we are in death.'"

Bed Ticks filled with straw or husks, by Howard & Ferguson. Jan 10—dly

Miss Maggie Kenney will open her dressmaking rooms over Dr. Stoner's drug store, on Tuesday, April 1st.

March 27—dly

NICKEL-PLATED heels, Merkle Patent Seamless Shoes, check, blue and basket top, side lace and button shoes, at Ferris's Shoe Store.

Feb. 29—d&wt

The Comfort Patent Corset—Bortree's Adjustable, Foy's Supporter, Moody's Abdominal, Glove Fitting, Hundred Bones, together with the best and cheapest French Corsets in the city, at Jan. 23—d&wt Linn & Scruggs.

Ladies, Take Notice!—We have just received and placed on sale the largest, best and cheapest stock of Ladies' walking shoes ever offered in this market. You are respectfully invited to call and examine quality and price.

Feb. 11—d&wt BARKER & BAKER.

MERKLE Seamless Side-lace Shoes, for Ladies, at Ferris's. Perfect fitting, no seams, and consequently no ripping—an elegant style, for \$2.50.

Feb. 13—d&wt

Great Bargains in Carpets and Window Shades, at Linn & Scruggs.

Jan 23—d&wt

Gents' Shawls.—Very cheap, at Linn & Scruggs. Dec 24—d&wt

Ice Cream, soda water and lemonade at Wood's, 22 Merchant street.

april 24—w 2m.

B. STINE, THE BOSS CLOTHIER!



Can show you the most Elegant Assortment of

Youth's Clothing!

For Stylish Young Men's Trade, of any House in the City, and

Not Surpassed in Style,

Workmanship, Trimmings,

Or Price, by any House in the United States.

If you don't believe it, convince yourself by looking through the stores of our competitors, notice the fit and general style of theirs, and then come around and see ours, and we will leave it to your own judgment.

OUR SPRING STOCK!

IN ALL ITS BRANCHES COMPLETE.

Our Merchant Tailoring Department

A PERFECT SUCCESS.

As the many Suits we are turning out furnish the evidence.

WILSON BROS.' SHIRTS!

MADE TO ORDER AND IN STOCK.

We are not ashamed to mention Our Prices, but wish you to remember that

WE DEFY COMPETITION.

—

B. STINE, THE "BOSS CLOTHIER."

March 21—dly

Immense Rush!

EVERYBODY ASTONISHED

At the EXTREMELY LOW PRICES at which Goods are selling at the

CHEAP STORE!

18 Merchant Street.

BEHOLD THE ARRAY.

At the EXTREMELY LOW PRICES at which Goods are selling at the

CHEAP STORE!

18 Merchant Street.

BEHOLD THE ARRAY.

At the EXTREMELY LOW PRICES at which Goods are selling at the

CHEAP STORE!

18 Merchant Street.

BEHOLD THE ARRAY.

At the EXTREMELY LOW PRICES at which Goods are selling at the

CHEAP STORE!

18 Merchant Street.

BEHOLD THE ARRAY.

At the EXTREMELY LOW PRICES at which Goods are selling at the

CHEAP STORE!

18 Merchant Street.

BEHOLD THE ARRAY.

At the EXTREMELY LOW PRICES at which Goods are selling at the

CHEAP STORE!

18 Merchant Street.

BEHOLD THE ARRAY.

At the EXTREMELY LOW PRICES at which Goods are selling at the

CHEAP STORE!

18 Merchant Street.

BEHOLD THE ARRAY.

At the EXTREMELY LOW PRICES at which Goods are selling at the

CHEAP STORE!

18 Merchant Street.

BEHOLD THE ARRAY.

At the EXTREMELY LOW PRICES at which Goods are selling at the

CHEAP STORE!

18 Merchant Street.

BEHOLD THE ARRAY.

Cheap Charley

ONE PRICE ONLY.



No Misrepresentation.

THE "POOR MAN'S FRIEND."

THE ONLY RETAIL CLOTHING HOUSE IN CENTRAL ILLINOIS WHICH MANUFACTURES ITS OWN CLOTHING.

OPENING OF THE SPRING SEASON 1879.

Our Stock is now in Tip-Top Shape, and will be kept so till the End of the Season, by

Weekly Fresh Arrivals from our Factory in Chicago.

Our increasing business is not owing to any particular circumstances or good fortune, but to earnest attention and personal supervision of our customers' wants, and the close, sharp prices at which we sell our Goods.

IN ADDITION TO OUR LARGE AND VARIED STOCK OF

GOODS FOR MEN'S WEAR!

WE SHALL ADD STILL GREATER ATTRACTIONS, MORE NUMEROUS BARGAINS, and CONTRAST BONA-FIDE VALUES, TO SURPASS ANYTHING IN THE MARKET.

Call at Once and See OUR NEW STYLES, and Learn OUR NEW PRICES.

Which are really so low that we are nearly ashamed to mention them.

CHEAP CHARLEY.

KAUFMAN & BACHBACH, Decatur, Ill. Factory in Chicago.

March 11—d&wt

THEODORE A. GEHRMANN

—WILL SELL YOU—

DRY GOODS,

NOTIONS AND MILLINERY,

—AT—

Astonishing Low Prices.

The Store is full of all the Latest Novelties.

Call at once and secure some

RARE BARGAINS,

—ONLY TO BE HAD AT—

THEODORE A. GEHRMANN'S.

April 18—d&wt

FURNITURE!

EVER OFFERED IN THIS COUNTY.

Give us a call; we are here to please and sell, and are bound to do it.

Don't forget our trade mark, the ELEPHANT.

April 24—dim&wly

ASHBY & ADDRESS.



Having completed moving and arranging our stock, we are now prepared to offer to the citizens of Decatur and Macon county, the

Largest, Finest and Best Selected Stock

—OF—

FURNITURE!

EVER OFFERED IN THIS COUNTY.

Give us a call; we are here to please and sell, and are bound to do it.

Don't forget our trade mark, the ELEPHANT.

April 24—dim&wly

ASHBY & ADDRESS.

THE KENTUCKY DEMOCRATIC TICKET SERVED IN THE REBEL ARMY.
Every man on the Kentucky Democratic ticket served in the rebel army. When the Kentucky Democratic ticket was formed, the members of the ticket were all men who had served in the rebel army. This fact was not generally known until recently, when it was discovered that every man on the ticket had served in the rebel army.

THE "NON-PARTISAN" JUDICIAL CONVENTION AT PANA ON TUESDAY NOMINATED JUDGE ZANE OF SPRINGFIELD, JUDGE WELCH OF CANTONVILLE, AND HON. JESSE J. PHILLIPS OF HILLSBORO. The first-named is a Republican, and the other two Democrats.

WITHDRAWN.
F. M. Wright, Esq., of Urbana, has withdrawn from the race for circuit judge, thereby simplifying the contest considerably. This leaves seven candidates in the field—four Republicans, Davis, Smith, Wilkie and Dunn, and three Democrats, Ficklin, Reed and Nelson.

ALLEGEDLY THERE SEEMS TO BE A GOOD DEAL OF DIVERSITY OF OPINION AS TO THE ACTION OF THE PRESIDENT WITH REFERENCE TO THE "WHIG" BILL. The bill went through the House without debate, but when it was taken up by the Senate Mr. Blaine offered an amendment prohibiting any armed person within one mile of the polls at congressional elections, under penalty of \$500 to \$5,000 fine and six months to five years imprisonment, or both. This amendment is intended to prevent the presence of rifle clubs and other armed bulldozers at the polls, and if the Democrats are in earnest in their demands for a "free election" they will not hesitate to accept the amendment. If they do not, then the President should not hesitate to veto the bill.

SHOULD SHE TIE UP HER DESPERADOES, it is believed that Texas would soon have a population of 2,600,000.

THE BLOOMINGTON (ILL.) PANTAGRAPH publishes a call signed by about 3,000 farmers of McLean county, asking Judge J. O. R. Reeves to be a candidate for re-election to the Judgeship.

THE ARTICLES AND INDECENT JOHN G. BURROWS some years ago, made a speech from a carriage, advising the Democratic members in Columbus, Ohio, drive the negroes from the polls. It is in this threatening Sherman Thompson has been watching Sherman for twenty years. Any one can see to what extent he has pulled Sherman down.

THE "WORLD" INSISTS that the Democrats must separate the political legislation from the appropriation bills. "They have," it says, "no right, and it is not their duty, to visit the folly of the Executive on the country by refusing supplies for the public service." The backdown of the Democrats in Congress is now supplemented by the carrying-in of their principal organ.

THE FOLLOWING CHOICE MOREAU is from the Okolona Southern States: "Mr. Davis made a speech in the United States Senate on the 22d inst., in which he alluded to the late notorious Abe Lincoln in terms of fulsome flattery. We hope that the young chamber will never again be degraded in this manner. The day is past for eulogizing the infamous traitor who plunged our country into bloodshed. Let us have no more of it."

THE "WORLD" INSISTS that the Democrats must separate the political legislation from the appropriation bills. "They have," it says, "no right, and it is not their duty, to visit the folly of the Executive on the country by refusing supplies for the public service." The backdown of the Democrats in Congress is now supplemented by the carrying-in of their principal organ.

THE "WORLD" INSISTS that the Democrats must separate the political legislation from the appropriation bills. "They have," it says, "no right, and it is not their duty, to visit the folly of the Executive on the country by refusing supplies for the public service." The backdown of the Democrats in Congress is now supplemented by the carrying-in of their principal organ.

THE "WORLD" INSISTS that the Democrats must separate the political legislation from the appropriation bills. "They have," it says, "no right, and it is not their duty, to visit the folly of the Executive on the country by refusing supplies for the public service." The backdown of the Democrats in Congress is now supplemented by the carrying-in of their principal organ.

THE "WORLD" INSISTS that the Democrats must separate the political legislation from the appropriation bills. "They have," it says, "no right, and it is not their duty, to visit the folly of the Executive on the country by refusing supplies for the public service." The backdown of the Democrats in Congress is now supplemented by the carrying-in of their principal organ.

ONE OF THE UNPUNISHED CRIMES.
Two years ago this day 300 of "the best citizens of Kemper county, Miss., banded together and brutally murdered three men and two children—the latter a delicate boy of 13 years, and a young, brave and beautiful girl. The bodies of the principal ill-fated victims of this bloody drama have been removed to a peaceful spot in Pennsylvania; but their blood yet stains the soil of Mississippi, and cries to heaven for vengeance. For what were these murders committed? Judge Chisholm, who fell, and against whom the fury of the assassins was principally directed, said to his wife as he lay groaning in suffering under his death wounds: "My precious wife, I am about to die; but when I am gone, I want you to tell my children that their father never done an act in his life for which they need to blush or feel ashamed. I am innocent of the charge these men have preferred against me, and I have been murdered because I am a republican and would live a free man."

HIS NOBLE AND DEVOTED DAUGHTER, with her body riddled by assassin shot, vainly clung to her father in an endeavor to shield him from the dastardly work of his murderers. She was not a carpet-bagger's offspring. Loyal southern blood flowed in her veins, and she could claim that ancestry as far back as any of the assassins who took her life. It was not in this instance the carpet-bagger nor the southerner that they aimed to destroy, but the republican. The heroic Cornelia exclaimed: "Mamma, they have shot me again!" as she fell to her republican father, and then received her death wound.

ORIGIN OF THE TERMS WHIG AND TORY.
In an article on "Jonathan Swift and His Times," a writer in the April number of the *National Quarterly Review* gives the following curious account of the origin of the terms "Whig" and "Tory" as an appellation of political parties in England:

THE FAMOUS WATCH WORDS OF WHIG AND TORY, so notable in English history, did not grow on English soil. One of them came from Scotland, the other from Ireland. Whig was a shortening of *Whiggamor*, and was used about the time of Charles II. to designate the "Covenanters" of Western Scotland. One meaning of this Gaelic term was "hill-folk" or "valley-tribes," and the two meanings were so much to the purpose, that *Whiggamor* was doubly fixed in the popular nomenclature. This explanation has the disadvantage of having never been offered by any of the Scottish or English writers.

TORY IS IRISH. It means an "outlaw." It also means a "banished man." In 1690 the Irish fighting for James II. were called "outlaws," and when they followed him to France they were called "exiles"—the word *Tory* fitting both cases. So that when the English Jacobites scoffed at the Whigs as representing the canting Scotch Covenanters, the Whigs retorted terribly with the Irish "runagates."

INDECENT HASTE.
Two very curious bills are noticed by our Washington correspondent among those recently introduced by southern members of the house. Both are aimed at restrictions now upon the statute-book with reference to those who took part in the rebellion. One, introduced by Mr. Davis, of North Carolina, repeals the prohibition of the payment of pensions to the class referred to; the other, introduced by Mr. Gunter, of Arkansas, repeals a similar prohibition of the payment of war-claims. It is only one step from these propositions to the payment of pensions and claims to disloyal persons, not only in spite of, but because of, their disloyalty. In tracing such evidences as this of the indecent haste which the southern representatives are showing to "let down the bars" of the treasury to their constituents, one is tempted to ask whether it is not from pure hypocrisy that the southern men on the democratic caucus committee wished to be excused from acting, for fear that their motives would be misunderstood. There is probably no danger that the present congress will pass any such laws as we have cited, because they would certainly be wrecked by the President's veto; but what would be the case if the President were a democrat?

A Wonderful Discovery.
For the speedy cure of Consumption and all diseases that lead to it, such as stubborn coughs, neglected colds, bronchitis, hay fever, asthma, pain in the side and chest, dry hacking cough, tickling in the throat, hoarseness, sore throat, and all chronic and lingering diseases of the throat and lungs, Dr. King's New Discovery has no equal and has established for itself a world-wide reputation. Leading physicians recommend and use it in their practice. The formula given which is prepared is highly recommended by all medical journals. The clergy and the press have complimented it in the most glowing terms. Go to your druggist and get a trial bottle free of cost or a regular size for \$1.00. For sale by Hubbard & Swearingen, Decatur, Ill. 5

TELEGRAPHIC WASHINGTON.
THE CAUCUS BILL IN THE SENATE.
CHALMERS TRYING TO GET CLEAR OF HIS FORT PILLOW RECORD.
HEAVY FAILURE IN NEW YORK.

INDIANAPOLIS, IND., May 7.—The election yesterday was a Waterloo for the democracy. They expected to demoralize the colored vote by nominating a negro for marshal, but he failed to carry a single ward, the old "mossbacks" scratching him to a frightful extent, and in many cases voting the republican ticket as a rebuke. The effort to capture the council was also a disastrous failure. The republican ticket was elected by majorities over all ranging from sixteen hundred to forty-one hundred, a gain of six councilmen and one alderman. There is more enthusiasm over the result than any election since the war.

SPEAKING OF THE ELECTIONS YESTERDAY, the *Journal* says: "The result of the elections held in all the towns and cities of Indiana which are organized under the general law is given in our telegraph and local columns, and is eminently satisfactory. We may say it is a glorious republican victory. Along the whole line, with the exception of one or two cities where the result was influenced by local issues, the republicans made large gains. In the city of Indianapolis the republican victory is overwhelming, even so large that it will overcome the margins given by the democratic legislature in the congressional apportionment. The republicans elect John Caven, mayor, over Buskirk, by 1,984 majority, and elect the whole republican ticket by unexpected majorities, and also elect four out of five aldermen, and eighteen out of the twenty-five councilmen."

THE SOUTHERN says: "The city election passed off quietly yesterday. The republicans still have control of the city. Indianapolis is by several hundred majority a republican city, and this misfortune will have to be borne until the democratic party realizes the extent of the calamity and puts forth its energies to change the situation. It is well to remark, just here, that the results of yesterday's work do not surprise any one, and we doubt if there is a democrat in the city who anticipated anything different. As a consequence there are no disappointments. The republican party was solid and confident, and with ample funds drawn from those who reap all of the emoluments of office, were able to enter the campaign with every required appliance calculated to achieve victory, while the democratic party, realizing that its chances were dubious from the start, have shown little of that aggressive spirit, which, with a more cheering outlook, would have been manifested. The election is without significance."

NEW YORK, May 7.—The suspension of the large woolen dry goods firm, Whittemore, Post, & Co., was a surprise this afternoon. The firm has always stood high. Comment was caused last January by a reduction of their capital stock from \$250,000 to \$100,000. Last week they were embarrassed and unable to tide matters over. Advances to mills and manufacturers and the depreciation in goods and old debts are the main causes of their failure. Their liabilities are not yet known, and estimates regarding them range from \$500,000 to \$700,000. It is said they do not owe much in this market, but it is thought the bulk of their paper is held by Eastern parties, banks and consignees. They have not put up any of their notes in the market since January 1st and have during the past four months largely reduced their liabilities, and the firm is expected to tide over their difficulty. Their bank accounts were with the Hanover, Metropolitan, Fourth and Ninth National Banks. It is said that they do not owe more than the usual discounts to any of these institutions. The firm is composed of E. A. Whittemore, John H. Post, Wm. Post and S. B. Barlow as general partners, and Henry L. Dyer as special partner for \$109,000 to Dec. 31st, 1881. Their general capital during the past seven or eight years has been estimated at about \$500,000. It is said the firm became involved in 1873 or 1874 with the Taconic Mill and J. Wilcox manufacturing company, and lost upwards of \$150,000. It is also said they suffered by the failure of the Meriden Woolen Company, which was afterwards reorganized.

COLUMBUS, O., May 7.—Secretary Sherman arrived here this afternoon and was met at the depot by members of the State Central Committee and a local delegation of Republicans. Secretary Sherman was sequestered at his hotel at 11 o'clock. In his speech the Secretary discussed the financial question, dwelling at some length on the success of specie redemption. He then spoke of the necessity of a fair election law, having additional barriers which will protect the parity of elections, and not the repeal of those now in vogue. At the close of the speech three cheers were given for the Secretary, and the audience dispersed.

WASHINGTON, May 7.—Notwithstanding the positive statements yesterday of leading Republicans who had talked with the President, that the latter would not approve of the Democratic caucus bill relating to the presence of troops at the polls, there is a very marked impression to-day among many Republicans that the measure will receive the Executive approval. The Democratic leaders also are very positive that the bill will be signed, and ridicule the suggestion that it may be vetoed. The President's probable action is the subject of much discussion in political circles to-day but after a very careful inquiry among persons who have close relations with the President, your correspondent is led to believe that the bill is certain to be returned with a veto. Senator Dawes, who had a very satisfactory interview with the President last night, of over one hour's duration, says that he will be greatly surprised if the bill is not vetoed. Other Republican Senators, who talked with the President this morning about the pending measure, say that they are entirely satisfied, from what the President said, that the bill will not obtain his signature, but will be vetoed upon two grounds: First, upon its demerits, and secondly, because its passage is a menace which he cannot do otherwise than conscientiously and constitutionally resent.

THE DEMOCRATS IN THE SENATE to-day refused to allow the House caucus bill to go to the Judiciary committee for consideration, but by a strict party vote laid it upon the table. It is the intention of Senator Eaton, who has charge of the bill, to call it up as soon as the resolution to take testimony regarding the election of Senator Kellogg is disposed of—probably at a later hour to-day.

SENATOR M'PHERSON (N. J.), who is at the Hot Springs, Ark., undergoing treatment for Bright's disease, is in a very critical condition, according to advices received to-day, and fears are entertained that he will never be able to occupy his seat in the Senate again.

AFTER THE MORNING HOUR, in the Senate, Mr. Carpenter continued his argument against reopening the Kellogg case.

THE HOUSE DISPOSED OF General Chalmers' resolution to appoint a committee to investigate his connection with the Fort Pillow massacre, by laying it on the table. The Republicans voted to allow the committee, and the Democrats voted almost solidly against it. The resolution was called up by Mr. Chalmers, who proceeded to make a defense of his conduct at Fort Pillow. He indirectly admitted that there were some foundations for the stories about the massacre, but claimed that they were greatly exaggerated. He claims that he was not responsible for what occurred at that time.

WHEN MR. CHALMERS WAS THROUGH, Mr. Burrows, of Michigan, arose, and said that he felt it to be his duty to present some facts in relation to the massacre. He then read from the testimony of witnesses who were present and then quoted some very damaging testimony from the official report of General Forrest, to the effect that the Confederate loss was only twenty and the Union loss over 500, and that the river was red with blood for 300 yards, and that the negroes captured were treated as property and not as prisoners of war. Mr. Burrows also quoted from the Confederate records a letter from Jefferson Davis approving of what Forrest had done at Fort Pillow. The presentation of these facts created quite a sensation in the House.

GENERAL CHALMERS AROSE and said that he regretted what Mr. Burrows had said and he would remind him that his (Burrows) record in the war was not clear and unspotted.

MR. BURROWS, ADVANCING DOWN the aisle, demanded to know what Mr. Chalmers meant. Chalmers, amid much confusion, said that he had been told that Burrows had resigned because his superior officer thought he was not competent.

THIS ANNOUNCEMENT WAS RECEIVED with derisive laughter on the Republican side. Burrows said that the statement was infamous and false, and this was the first time that he had ever heard it. Chalmers said that he did not believe the statement, and would withdraw it.

THE RESOLUTION WAS THEN LAID UPON the table.

BLOOMINGTON, ILL., May 7.—Yesterday Hon. Lawrence Weldon, who was nominated as a candidate for Judge by the Bar Convention at Gilman on the 24th, decided to decline the nomination, not wishing to enter into a campaign which promises to be full of hard fighting and personal complication. This morning it is announced that in all probability Judge Tipton, ex-Congressman, will become a candidate. Never before has so much spleen and personal feeling been manifested among McLean county republicans.

NEW YORK, May 7.—A Lima letter to the *Star and Herald*, of Panama, says the first naval engagement of the Chilean and Peruvian forces took place April 14, off the mouth of the river Loa, between the Peruvian wooden corvettes Union and Pilcomayo and the Chilean steam sloop Magallanes. The Magallanes, after an engagement lasting two hours, being a faster vessel than those opposing, steamed away. No mention is made of the casualties. The Magallanes carries two 150-pounders and four 70-pound guns, and the Union twelve 70-pounders and four 40-pounders. The Chileans in Lima and Callao have been banished, being suspected of communicating to their own government intelligence of the movements of Peruvian troops.

ADMIRAL ROBOLLO, commanding the Chilean blockading squadron, ordered all ships loading guano to leave within 48 hours, and later with his guns destroyed costly loading apparatus at the guano deposits, and seized the launches and property of the English subjects. It is imagined that this procedure will give rise to complications and protests from the diplomatic corps, in view of the interests of their countrymen holding Peruvian securities guaranteed by this guano.

THE UNITED STATES MINISTER CHRISTIANITY, has arrived in Peru, and would soon be formally received by the President.

MINISTER GIBBS had presented his letters of recall.

ST. PAUL, May 7.—A special to the *Pioneer-Press* says fifteen hundred men are now engaged in the Canada Pacific strike, and violence is threatened. The strikers are marching under the red flag and threatening to prevent all work till their demands are complied with. The military has been ordered from Winnipeg to the scene.

"THE NEW SILVER BILL."

GENERAL BILL 9,999.—"An act to establish the shortest, quickest and most direct route from all points in the East to the Great Gold and Silver Mines of Colorado."

BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE of the United States, that they shall travel only by the route offering the least changes of cars, surest connections, with all the latest improvements for the comforts and convenience of the traveling public, between the East and the Great West.

THE PRESS AND THE PEOPLE all unite in pronouncing the "Old Kelt" Hannibal and St. Joseph R. R. the only line which can offer these inducements.

THEY ARE THE ONLY LINE running through Day Coaches and Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars between Toledo, Ohio, via Defiance, Fort Wayne, Peru, Logansport, LaFayette, Danville, Tolono, Decatur, Springfield, Jacksonville and Quincy, to the Missouri river without change. The only line running without change, via Danville, Jacksonville and Quincy, without change, and a Daily Line of Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars, and the Celebrated HORTON RECLINING CHAIR CARS, between Chicago, via Aurora, Mendota, Galesburg and Quincy, to Kansas City, without change, making sure and close connections for all points in Kansas, Nebraska and the Gold Fields of Colorado. Our rates to Leadville and other points in Colorado and the Great West are always as cheap as by any other line.

FOR MAPS, TIME TABLES AND FULL INFORMATION address

R. TENBROECK, Gen'l Eastern Ag't, 317 Broadway, N. Y.
J. A. S. REED, Gen'l Trav. Ag't, 50 Clark St., Chicago.
C. W. ROADMAN, Trav. Agent, Decatur, Ill.
OR T. PENTFIELD, Gen'l Pass Ag't, Hannibal, Mo.

MARCH 29, 1879—4th

MARKET REPORT.

DECATUR, ILL., May 7, 1879.
GRAIN MARKET.
FLOUR—White Wheat selling per barrel, \$3.25-3.30
FLOUR—Red wheat selling per barrel, 3.00-3.10
CORN MEAL—White selling, 45-50
CORN—Yellow, 1.00-1.10
SHORTS—Per hundred, selling, 30-35
WHEAT, 80-90
OATS, 1.00-1.10

FARM PRODUCE.
POTATOES, 40-50
BUTTER—Per lb, 15-18
EGGS—Per dozen, 10-12
LARD—Selling, 10-12
HAMS—Selling, 10-12
CHICKENS—Per dozen, live, 1.00-1.10
TURKEYS—Dressed, 50-60
ONIONS—Per bushel, 3-4
APPLES—Per barrel, 10-12
FAT CATTLE—Per cwt, 3.00-3.10
HOGS—Per cwt, 2.00-2.10
WOOL—Fleece, washed, 3-4
HIDES—Green, 1-2
SHEEP—Per head, 10-12
TALLOW—Per pound, 4-5

Another Fresh Lot

Baby Carriages

Price of some of them as low as \$6.00.

REFRIGERATORS

ICE CHESTS, 12 sizes, with all the latest improvements.—Prices very Greatly Reduced—\$7, \$9 and \$11. Let no family be without one of these most useful pieces of furniture.

LITTLE'S, Court House Block.

Printed catalogues of a thousand articles for household use, will be ready in a few days, at

HAYS & BARTHOLOMEW.
O, no! we haven't got any new handsome goods at all! O no, I guess not! Come and see our old stock.

HAYS & BARTHOLOMEW.

Will be ready for business in the

NEW STORE!

SATURDAY, MAY 10th, 1879.

Our Grand

Unexcelled in Economy of Fuel.

Unsurpassed in Construction.

Unparalleled in Durability.

Undisputed in the BROAD CLAIM of being the

VERY BEST OPERATING,

AND MOST

PERFECT COOKING STOVE

EVER OFFERED FOR THE PRICE.

MADE ONLY BY

EXCELSIOR MANUFACTURING CO.

612, 614, 616 & 618 N. MAIN STREET, ST. LOUIS, MO.

Sold in Decatur by CLOSE & GRISWOLD.

DR. PRICE'S

CREAM BAKING POWDER.

SPECIAL FLAVORING EXTRACTS.

Eminent Chemists and Physicians certify that these goods are free from adulteration, richer, more effective, produce better results than any others, and that they use them in their own families.

DR. PRICE'S

TOOTH PASTE. An agreeable, healthful Liquid Dentifrice.

LEMON SUGAR. A substitute for Lemons.

EXTRACT JAMAICA GINGER. From the purest root.

STEELE & PRICE'S LUPULIN YEAST CEMS.

HAYS & BARTHOLOMEW.

HAYS & BARTHOLOMEW.

Will be ready for business in the

NEW STORE!

SATURDAY, MAY 10th, 1879.

Our Grand

Unexcelled in Economy of Fuel.

Unsurpassed in Construction.

Unparalleled in Durability.

Undisputed in the BROAD CLAIM of being the

VERY BEST OPERATING,

AND MOST

PERFECT COOKING STOVE

EVER OFFERED FOR THE PRICE.

MADE ONLY BY

EXCELSIOR MANUFACTURING CO.

612, 614, 616 & 618 N. MAIN STREET, ST. LOUIS, MO.

Sold in Decatur by CLOSE & GRISWOLD.

DR. PRICE'S

CREAM BAKING POWDER.

SPECIAL FLAVORING EXTRACTS.

Eminent Chemists and Physicians certify that these goods are free from adulteration, richer, more effective, produce better results than any others, and that they use them in their own families.

DR. PRICE'S

TOOTH PASTE. An agreeable, healthful Liquid Dentifrice.

LEMON SUGAR. A substitute for Lemons.

EXTRACT JAMAICA GINGER. From the purest root.

STEELE & PRICE'S LUPULIN YEAST CEMS.

88
h l
dol
con
NY,
for

M

A

NEARLICH ARCHIVE & ON